



**Cab** (n.) कैब—घोड़ागाड़ी, टैक्सी  
I hired a *cab* to go to the railway station.

**Cabbage** (n.) कैबिज—बंदगोभी  
*Cabbage* is my favourite vegetable.

**Cabin** (n.) कैबिन—1. कमरा, कोठरी  
Which is the General Manager's *cabin*?  
2. कुटी, कुटीर  
The poor family lived in a *cabin* on the edge of the town.

**Cabinet** (n.) कैबिनिट—1. आलमारी, पेटिका  
Uma arranged the new crockery on the shelves of the *cabinet*.  
2. मन्त्रिमंडल  
Mostly, decisions are taken unanimously by the *Cabinet*.

**Cable** (n.) केबल—रस्सा, समुद्री तार  
The workmen dug the ground to repair the telephone *cables*.

(v.) 2. तार भेजना  
My brother *cabled* from London that he was coming to India.

**Cafe** (n.) कैफे—कॉफी हाउस, कहवा  
A South Indian *cafe* usually serves a nice cup of filter coffee.

**Cage** केज—पिंजरा, कटघरा, पिंजरे में बंद करना  
(n.) The little girl brought a *cage* for her pet parrot.  
(v.) Rahul *caged* his pet rabbits before going out.

**Cake** (n.) केक—केक, मीठी रोटी  
My father bought a big *cake* for my birthday.

**Calculate** (v.) कैल्क्युलेट—हिसाब लगाना, गणना करना

Harish knows well how to *calculate*.

**Calendar** (n.) कैलिन्डर—पंचांग, जंत्री, सूची, कालदर्श  
Companies use *calendars* for their publicity.

**Calf** (n.) काफ—1. बछड़ा  
The *calf* walked behind the cow.  
2. पिण्डली, पिण्डिका  
The doctor dressed the wound on the labourer's *calf*.

**Call** (v.) कॉल—1. बुलाना, पुकारना  
I *called* out loudly when I saw Ram.  
2. कहना, नाम रखना  
A heart specialist is *called* the cardiologist.  
3. मिलने जाना  
The Prime Minister *called* on the President.

(n.) 4. टेलीफोन कॉल  
I have a phone *call* to make.  
भेंट करने वाले  
Sunil had many *callers* yesterday.

**Calm** (adj.) काम—शांत  
One should always be *calm* and quiet.

**Camel** (n.) कैमल—ऊँट  
*Camel* is called the ship of the desert.

**Camera** (n.) कैमरा—कैमरा  
A professional photographer requires a good *camera*.

**Camp** कैम्प—शिविर, पड़ाव, पड़ाव डालना  
(n.) The boy-scouts' summer *camp* was a great success.  
(v.) The soldiers *camped* by the side of the river.

**Campaign** (n.) कैम्पेन—अभियान, युद्ध, मुहिम  
The government launched a *campaign* against smugglers.  
(v.) He spent his life *campaigning* for the rights of the poor.

**Can** (n.) कैन—1. पात्र, बालटी, डिब्बा  
I bought a *can* of apple jam.  
(v.) 2. सकना, समर्थ होना  
*Can* you drive a car?

**Canal** (n.) कनाल—नहर, नाली  
Punjab is a land of *canals*.

**Cancel** (v.) कैन्सल—रद्द करना, हटा देना

He *cancelled* all his appointments as he was not feeling well.

**Candidate** (n.) कैन्डिडेट—उम्मीदवार, प्रत्याशी परीक्षार्थी

My elder brother was a *candidate* in the last municipal election.

**Candle** (n.) कैण्डल—मोमबत्ती

She bought a box of *candles* for Diwali.

**Cane** (n.) केन—1. गन्ना, ईख, बेंत

Sugar is made from *cane*.

(v.) 2. बेंत बुनना, बेंत-प्रहार करना

The unruly mob was *canned* by the police.

**Cannon** कैन्नन—तोप, गोलाबारी करना, टकराना

(n.) The fort was protected by *cannons* mounted on its turrets.

(v.) The fort was *cannoned* by the enemy.

**Canoe** (n.) कॅनू—डोंगी, बनहटी

The adventurous young man crossed the sea in a *canoe*.

**Canvas** (n.) कैन्वस—किरमिच, कैन्वस

Sportsmen wear shoes of *canvas*.

**Cap** (n.) कैप—1. टोपी

The *cap* provides protection from the sun.

(v.) 2. मात कर देना, से बढ़कर होना

The batsman *capped* his brilliant century with a sixer.

**Capable** (adj.) केपेबल—1. प्रतिभाशाली

A *capable* executive always rises in his organisation.

2. योग्य, समर्थ, क्षम

Are you *capable* of handling office correspondence independently?

**Capacity** (n.) केपेसिटी—1. गुंजाइश, समाई

The theatre was filled to *capacity*.

2. सामर्थ्य, क्षमता, योग्यता

He has great *capacity* for work.

**Capital** (n.) कैपिटल—1. राजधानी

Delhi is the *capital* of India.

2. पूँजी

(adj.) He invested his *capital* in business.

3. उत्तम

He is going to face the *capital*

punishment.

4. बड़ा अक्षर

Write the address in *capital* letters.

**Capsule** (n.) कैप्सूल—पुटी, संपुटिका

The doctor prescribed B-complex *capsules* to my mother to overcome her weakness.

**Captain** (n.) कैप्टिन—1. कप्तान, अधिपति

Balraj is a *captain* in the Army.

2. खिलाड़ियों की टीम का नायक

Anil was selected to be the *captain* of the football team of his school.

**Captive** (n.) कैप्टिव—बन्दी, कैदी

The *captive* was put in a dark cell.

**Capture** (v.) कैप्चर—बन्दी बनाना, गिरफ्तार करना

The thief was *captured* by the policeman after a hot chase.

**Caravan** (n.) कैरवैन—कारवाँ, काफिला

The *caravan* slowly travelled across the desert.

**Card** (n.) कार्ड—कार्ड, पत्र, पत्रक, पत्रिका, सूचिका गत्ता

I am interested in playing *cards*.

Do you have your visiting *card*?

Please bring this invitation *card* with you.

He packed the books in a *cardboard* box.

Do not fail to drop me a post *card*.

**Cardigan** (n.) कार्डिगन—बुनी हुई ऊनी जाकेट

Uma wore a matching *cardigan* over her sari.

**Care** केअर्—सावधानी, देखभाल, परवाह करना, ध्यान रखना, पसंद करना, चाहना

(n.) Take *care* when you cross the road.

(v.) There was no one to *care* for (look after) the child after its parents died.

I don't *care* (it does not matter to me) what you do.

**Cargo** (n.) कार्गो—जहाज़ी माल

A ship can carry a lot of *cargo*.

**Carpenter** (n.) कार्पेन्टर—बढ़ई

Some *carpenters* specialise in making artistic furniture.

- Carpet** (n.) कार्पिट—कालीन, गलीचा, दरी  
The rich man bought an expensive *carpet* for his sitting room.
- Carrot** (n.) कैरेंट—गाजर  
It is good to eat *carrots* in winter.
- Carry** (v.) कैरि—ढोना, वहन करना  
The porter *carried* Ram's luggage.  
The soldiers *carried* out (obeyed) the General's orders.  
(n.) We travelled in the rear *carriage* of the train.
- Cart** (n.) कार्ट—छकड़ा, ठेला, गाड़ी  
The farmer bought a pair of bullocks for his *cart*.
- Carton** (n.) कार्टन—गते का डिब्बा  
Arun bought a *carton* of ice-cream for his son's birthday party.
- Carve** (v.) कार्व—काटना, खोदकर मूर्ति बनाना  
The sculptor *carved* a beautiful statue out of the rock.
- Case** (n.) केस—1. सन्दूक, मंजूषा, पेटी  
The carpenter made a *book-case* for me.  
2. मुकदमा  
Ram filed a *case* against his employer.
- Cash** (n.) 1. कैश—नकद, रोकड़, नगदी  
(n.) It is safe to make large payments through cheque instead of *cash*.  
(v.) I have to go to the bank to *cash* a cheque.  
2. खजांची  
(n.) He received the payment from the *cashier*.
- Cast** कास्ट—1. फेंकना, डालना  
(v.) The fisherman *cast* his net into the sea.  
(n.) 2. भूमिका, अभिनेतावृंद  
Some films flop despite their big star *cast*.
- Castle** (n.) कासल—दुर्ग, गढ़, महल  
Shivaji built many *castles*.
- Casual** (adj.) कैजुअल—1. आकस्मिक, अनियत  
His question was only a *casual* inquiry.  
(adv.) 2. सादा

Raju was *casually* dressed.

- Cat** (n.) कैट—बिल्ली  
My mother is very fond of *cats*.
- Catalogue** (n.) कैटलॉग—सूचीपत्र, सूची, तालिका  
At the book fair, one can collect *catalogues* of many publishers.
- Catapult** (n.) कैटपल्ट—1. गुलेल, शिला प्रक्षेपक  
Boys use *catapults* to hit birds with stones.  
(v.) 2. ऊपर फेंकना  
A single box-office success can *catapult* a new actor to fame.
- Cataract** (n.) कैटरैक्ट—1. मोतियाबिन्द  
He has *cataract* in the left eye.  
2. जलप्रपात  
The water fell down the hillside in a roaring *cataract*.
- Catch** (v.) कैच—1. पकड़ना  
He could not *catch* the ball.  
2. बराबर आ पहुँचना  
He ran fast but I *caught* up with him.  
3. लग जाना  
The baby has *caught* (got) a cold.  
(n.) 4. अड़ानी  
There is no *catch* on this window.
- Caterpillar** (n.) कैटर्पिलर—कीड़े का बच्चा, झिनगा  
A *caterpillar* grows into a butterfly.
- Cattle** (n.) कैटल—ढोर, मवेशी, गाय-बैल  
The *cattle* grazed in the shade of the tree.
- Cause** काँज—कारण, हेतु, कारण बनना, उत्पन्न करना  
(n.) An inquiry is on to find out the *cause* of the rail accident.  
(v.) The accident *caused* the traffic jam.
- Causeway** (n.) काँजवे—सेतुक, पक्का जलपथ  
As Bombay is an island, it has many *causeways*.
- Caution** काँशन—सावधानी, सचेत करना  
(n.) You must take due *caution* while crossing a busy street.  
(v.) Ram *cautioned* the new employee against his boss's short temper.  
(adv.) The salesman *cautiously* opened the crockery box.

**Cavalry** (n.) कैवल्रि—रिसाला, घुड़सवार फौज  
Shivaji was famous for his *cavalry*.

**Cave, Cavern** (n.) केव, कैवर्न—गुफा, गुहा  
The hermit lived in a *cave* high in the hills.

The wounded tiger hid in a *cavern*.

**Caw** (v. & n.) काँ—काँव-काँव करना  
I was disturbed by the *cawing* of a crow.

**Cease** (v.) सीस—बन्द होना या बन्द करना  
(v.) The milkman has *ceased* supplying milk because of non-payment of previous bills.

(adv.) The rain came down *ceaselessly* (continuously).

**Ceiling** (n.) सीलिंग—छतगीरी, (भीतरी) छत  
This room has a high *ceiling*.

**Celebrate** (v.) सेलिब्रेट—उत्सव मनाना  
We *celebrate* Diwali with great joy.  
The young couple *celebrated* the first birthday of their child.

**Celebrated** (adj.) सेलिब्रेटेड—प्रख्यात, यशस्वी  
Kalidas was a *celebrated* poet.

**Cell** (n.) सेल—1. कोठरी  
The prisoner was kept in a dark *cell*.  
2. विभाग  
The police department set up a separate *cell* to deal with car thieves.

**Cellar** (n.) सेलर—तहखाना  
Residential houses are usually without a *cellar*.

**Cemetery** (n.) सेमिटेरी—कब्रिस्तान  
There is a *cemetery* just outside the village.

**Centre** (n.) सेन्टर—1. केन्द्र, मध्य, मध्यबिंदु  
The office of the municipal corporation is in the *centre* of the city.  
2. संस्था

India International *Centre* is famous as a meeting place of intellectuals in New Delhi.

**Century** (n.) सेंचुरि—1. सदी, शताब्दी  
We are living in the twentieth *century*.  
2. शतक

Scoring a *century* at the Lord's in London is a dream of every batsman.

**Cereal** (n.) सिरिअल—अनाज, अन्न, धान्य

Rice and wheat are *cereals*.

**Ceremony** (n.) सेरिमेनि—धर्मक्रिया, शिष्टाचार, तकल्लुफ

The marriage *ceremony* will begin after the Pandit arrives.

**Certain** (adj.) सर्टन्—1. निश्चित, पक्का  
Prakash is *certain* to pass the IIT exam.

2. कोई, कुछ

*Certain* people are very fond of bragging.

**Certificate** (n.) सर्टिफिकेट—प्रमाणपत्र  
If you want medical leave you must produce a doctor's *certificate*.

**Chain** चेन—जंजीर, शृंखला, माला, कड़ी, पर्वतमाला: शृंखला, बांधना

(n.) Uma wore a beautiful golden *chain* round her neck.

The Himalayas is a *chain* of mountains.

(v.) We *chain* our door at night.

**Chair** (n.) चेअर—1. कुर्सी, आसन, पीठ  
Please sit in this *chair*.

He was elected *chairman* (head) of the company.

2. पद

The *chair* of Prime Minister is not a bed of roses.

**Chalk** (n.) चॉक—खड़िया

The teacher wrote on the blackboard with a *chalk*.

**Challenge** चैलेंज—चुनौती, ललकार, आपत्ति, ललकारना

(n.) He looked upon the difficult task as a *challenge* to his capability.

(v.) Mike Tyson *challenged* Evander Holyfield for a world heavyweight boxing match.

**Chamber** (n.) चेम्बर—1. कमरा, कक्ष  
After the verdict was given, the judge retired to his *chamber*.

2. वाणिज्य मंडल

The Maratha *Chamber* of Commerce has its headquarters in Poona.

**Champion** (n.) चैम्प्यन—1. विजेता, सर्वश्रेष्ठ  
He was declared *champion* batsman of the year.

2. समर्थक, हिमायती

Gandhiji was a *champion* of the down-trodden.

**Chance** (n.) चान्स—अवसर, मौका

In the quiz contest, Arun was given three *chances* to give the right answer.

2. संयोग, दैवयोग

We met by *chance* at a common friend's place.

(v.) If you *chance* to meet Vishal, please tell him I am waiting for him here.

**Change** (v.) चेंज—1. बदल जाना या बदल देना  
The boss *changed* his travelling plan at the eleventh hour.

(n.) 2. रेज़गारी, खुदरा

Do you have some *change*?

3. कपड़े बदलना

The guest wished to have a wash and a *change*.

**Channel** (n.) चैनल—नहर, जलमार्ग, मार्ग, माध्यम  
The English *Channel* separates England from the continent of Europe.

**Chapter** (n.) चैप्टर—अध्याय

The text books have many *chapters*.

**Character** (n.) कैरिक्टर—1. गुण, स्वभाव, चरित्र  
Good *character* is a man's most precious possession.

2. पात्र

How many *characters* are there in this play?

**Charcoal** (n.) चार्कोल—काठ कोयला

*Charcoal* is commonly used as a fuel in India.

**Charge** (n.) चार्ज—1. आरोप

The police arrested the servant on a *charge* of theft.

2. भाड़ा, शुल्क

What will be your *charge* for repairing my watch?

(v.) 3. निगरानी, देखरेख, उत्तरदायित्व

I would like to see an honest person in *charge* of this office.

4. हमला करना

The soldiers *charged* the enemy.

**Charity** (n.) चैरिटी—सद्भाव, उदारता, परोपकार  
The rich man gave away his wealth in *charity*.

(adj.) Homeopathy dispensaries are mostly *charitable* (free).

Ram has a *charitable* (kind) disposition.

**Charm** (n.) चार्म—1. तावीज़

Arun wears a *charm* round his wrist.

2. आकर्षण, सौजन्य

Rekha is a lady with great *charm*.

(v.) प्रसन्न करना

Rakhi will *charm* you with her sunny smile.

**Charter** (n.) चार्टर—घोषणापत्र, अधिकारपत्र

The textile workers presented a *charter* of demands to the Government.

(v.) 2. किराये पर लेना

The millionaire *chartered* a plane for his business tours.

**Chase** (v. & n.) चेस—पीछा करना, पीछे पड़ना

(v.) The policeman *chased* the thief.

(n.) The policeman gave the thief a good *chase*.

**Chat** (v.) चैट—गपशप करना

The two friends sat *chatting* for a long time.

(n.) The *chat* of two old friends was quite long.

**Chatter** (v. & n.) चॅटर—चहक/बकबक करना

The talkative little girl *chattered* continuously.

**Cheap** (adj.) चीप—1. सस्ता

Nothing is *cheap* these days.

2. अनुदार, तुच्छ

Amit played a *cheap* trick on me.

3. हल्के दर्जे की

His taste in clothes is rather *cheap*.

**Cheat** (v.) चीट—धोखा देना, बेईमानी करना

A dishonest shopkeeper *cheats* his customers.

(n.) धोखेबाज़

Beware! He is a *cheat*.

**Check** (v.) चेक—जाँच-पड़ताल, परीक्षण करना

Have you *checked* the air pressure in your car tyres?

2. रोकना

The policemen at the gate of Parliament House *checked* people from going in.

3. चारखाना

Shaloo wore a shirt with *checks*.

- Cheer** चिअर्—1. खुशी, प्रसन्नता, प्रसन्न करना  
(n.) Cheers for the holiday.  
(v.) My visit cheered the sick man.  
(adj.) He has a cheerful temperament.  
2. जयध्वनि करना, ताली बजाना  
The school boys cheered when their team won the hockey match.
- Cheese** (n.) चीज़—पनीर  
Rahul ordered the waiter to bring him a plate of cheese pakoras.
- Chemist** (n.) केमिस्ट—दवा-फरोश, औषधविक्रेता  
At the chemist's shop we can buy medicines.
- Cheque** (n.) चेक—चेक, हुण्डी, धनादेश  
It's safe to make payments by cheque.
- Chess** (n.) चे'स—शतरंज  
The game of chess originated in India.
- Chest** (n.) चे'स्ट—1. छाती, सीना  
A wrestler has a broad chest.  
2. तिजोरी, संदूक  
The jeweller locked his valuables in a strong chest.
- Chew** (v.) चू—चबाना, मनन करना  
Young children should be taught to chew their food well.
- Chick(en)** (n.) चिक, चिकन—1. चूज़ा, चिंगना  
He bought a dozen chicks for his poultry farm.  
2. पकी हुई मुरगी  
I had chicken for lunch.
- Chief** चीफ़—मुख्य, प्रमुख  
(n.) The Army head is called the Chief of Staff.  
(adj.) Rarely, one rises from a clerk's post to become the chief executive.  
(adv.) मुख्यतः  
We eat chiefly rice and wheat.
- Child** (n.) चाइल्ड—बच्चा, बालक  
Mr. and Mrs. Sen brought their children with them to the party.  
2. बचपन  
Where did you spend your childhood.
- Chill** (n.) चिल—1. सरदी  
Infants quickly catch a chill.  
(adj.) 2. ठण्डा  
A chill wind was blowing.
- Chime** (n.) चाइम—घण्टानाद  
The chime of the church bell could be heard from a distance.  
(v.) The wall clock chimes every hour.
- Chimney** (n.) चिमनि—चिमनी, धुआँरा, धुआँदान  
The chimney smoke pollutes the atmosphere.
- Chin** (n.) चिन—ठोढ़ी  
He nicked his chin while shaving.
- China** (n.) चाइना—चीनी मिट्टी (के बरतन)  
I went to the crockery store to buy china.
- Chip** (n.) चिप—1. चिप्पड़, टुकड़ा  
Chips of wood catch fire quickly.  
(adj.) This tea cup is old and chipped.
- Chirp** (v.) चर्प—चीं-चीं करना  
Sparrows chirp together at the time of sunrise.
- Chisel** (n.) चिज़ल—छेनी  
The sculptor worked on the block of stone with a chisel.
- Choke** (v.) चोक—1. दम घुटना, गला घोंटना  
In the Bhopal gas leakage tragedy hundreds of people were choked to death.  
2. बंद करना या होना  
The sewer gets choked with dirt.
- Choose** (v.) चूज़—चुनना, पसंद करना  
Usha chose a black sari.  
(n.) Sita's choice of clothes is always good.
- Chop** (v.) चॉप—काटना, चीरना  
The woodcutter chopped down the tree with an axe.
- Chorus** (n.) कोरस—गायक-वृन्द, वृन्दगान, सहगान  
एक साथ चिल्लाना  
Some plays end with a chorus.  
The agitators were shouting slogan in a chorus.
- Chuckle** (v.) चकल्—धीरे-धीरे हँसना  
The old man chuckled at his own joke.
- Cinder(s)** (n.) सिन्डर्ज़—अंगार, सिंडर्, भस्म  
She tried to light a fire with the cinders.
- Circle** सरकल्—वृत्त, चक्कर, चक्र, चक्कर लगाना, घेर लेना  
(n.) The geometry teacher taught the

students to draw a *circle*.

(v.) The dancers *circled* the tree as they danced.

**Circular** सर्क्युलर—1. गोल, वर्तुल  
(adj.) The Parliament House is a *circular* building.

(n.) 2. परिपत्र

The company sent a *circular* to all its clients about its new product.

**Circumstances** (n.) सर्कम्स्टान्सिस्—घटना, बात, परिस्थिति

A man's courage and tolerance are put to test in adverse *circumstances*.

**City** (n.) सिटी—नगर, शहर

Tokyo is the biggest *city* in the world.

**Civil** (adj.) सिविल—सभ्य नागरिक, असैनिक, सरकारी नौकरी

(adj.) Under *civil* rule, the Army has no role in the government functioning. Subhash Chandra Bose was selected for the *civil* service (government service except service in the armed forces).

(n.) सभ्यता

In ancient times, many *civilizations* prospered on the river banks.

**Civilian** (n.) सिविलियन—असैनिक, असैनिक पदाधिकारी

Rehman has retired from the Army, now he is a *civilian*.

**Claim** (v. & n.) क्लेम—दावा, अधिकार, दावा करना  
(v.) Daughters can also *claim* a share in their father's property.

(n.) A son's *claim* to his father's property is universally accepted.

**Clap** (v.) क्लैप—ताली बजाना

Everyone *clapped* when the political leader rose to speak.

**Clash** (n.) क्लैश—1. भिड़न्त, संघर्ष, टकराव  
Some people were injured during the *clash* between the two groups.

2. शोर

With a *clash* of cymbals the band began to play.

(v.) 3. झगड़ा करना

The two groups *clashed* and many people were injured.

**Clasp** (v.) कलास्प—1. पकड़ना, जकड़ना, गले लगाना

He *clasped* my hand warmly.

(n.) 2. बकलस, बकसुआ

She bought a beautiful golden *clasp*.

**Class** (n.) क्लास—1. वर्ग, श्रेणी, कक्षा

Under 10+2 system, the students study in school up to 12th *class*.

Rail journey in the first *class* is quite comfortable.

2. प्रकार, किस्म

Cats and tigers belong to the same *class* of animals.

**Clatter** (n. & v.) क्लॉटर—खड़खड़ाहट (होना)

The plate fell down from Usha's hand with a *clatter*.

(v.) Open doors and windows *clattered* in the storm.

**Claw** (n.) क्लॉ—पंजा, चंगुल

The eagle flew away with the serpent in its *claws*.

**Clay** (n.) क्ले—चिकनी मिट्टी

Crockery is made of *clay*.

**Clean** क्लीन—1. सफाई करना, साफ

(v.) Did you *clean* your teeth today? Sheela *cleaned* out the cupboard.

(adj.) We should wear *clean* clothes.

2. शुद्ध

People with *clean* reputation get respect from all.

**Clear** (adj.) क्लिअर्—1. स्वच्छ, निर्मल

The sky was *clear* and cloudless.

2. स्पष्ट, साफ

What you say is not quite *clear* to me.

(v.) 3. सुव्यवस्थित करना, सुलझाना

I was busy *clearing* up my old papers.

**Clerk** (n.) क्लार्क—क्लर्क, मुन्शी

It is not easy to get even a *clerk's* job.

**Clever** (adj.) क्लेवर्—1. चतुर, बुद्धिमान, धूर्त  
*Clever* students generally score good marks.

2. प्रवीण, निपुण

Reena is *clever* at embroidery.

**Cliff** (n.) क्लिफ़—खड़ी चट्टान

As the ship approached the shore of England we could see the white *cliffs* of Dover.

- Climate** (n.) क्लाइमेट—1. जलवायु, आबोहवा  
In summer, Delhi's *climate* is extremely hot.  
2. वातावरण  
How is the political *climate* in the capital these days ?
- Climb** (v.) क्लाइम्ब—चढ़ना, आरोहण करना  
You require special training to *climb* a mountain.  
The old man *climbed* the staircase with great difficulty.  
(n.) *Climb* to success is hard.
- Cling** (v.) क्लिंग—चिपकना, लिपटना  
Small children *cling* to their mother while sleeping.
- Clip** (n.) क्लिप—1. क्लिप, चुटकी, पंजा  
The loose sheets are put together with a paper *clip*.  
(v.) 2. कतरना, काटना  
Little boys like to *clip* pictures out of newspapers.
- Cloak** (n.) क्लोक्—लबादा  
The judge wore a long black *cloak*.
- Clock** (n.) क्लॉक—घड़ी  
Some wall *clocks* chime every hour.
- Clog** (v.) क्लॉग—बाधा डालना, अवरुद्ध या बन्द हो जाना  
The sewer was *clogged* with dirt.
- Close** क्लोज़—बन्द करना  
(v.) Please *close* the door.  
(adv.) 2. निकट, पास  
The children sat *close* together.  
(adj.) 3. सूक्ष्म  
The audience paid *close* attention to the sermons of the Saint.
- Cloth** (n.) क्लॉथ—कपड़ा, वस्त्र  
Nowadays shirts are made of synthetic *cloth*.
- Clothes** (n.) क्लोदज़—पोशाक, पहनावा  
Youngsters like fashionable *clothes*.
- Cloudy** (adj.) क्लाउडी—बादलों से भरा, धुँधला जाना  
On a *cloudy* day we cannot see the sun.
- Clown** (n.) क्लाउवन—विदूषक, मसखरा, भाट  
The children laughed at the circus *clown's* antics.

- Club** (n.) क्लब—1. क्लब, सभा  
*Club* is a place for recreation.  
2. भारी डण्डा, लाठी, बल्ला  
When the tiger attacked the farmer he defended himself with his *club*.
- Clue** (n.) क्लू—संकेत, इशारा, सूत्र  
The detectives looked for *clues* that could lead them to the murderer.
- Clumsy** (adj.) क्लमजि—बेडोल, बेढंगा  
Radha is so *clumsy* that she is always breaking something or the other.
- Cluster** (n. & v.) क्लस्टर—गुच्छ, झुण्ड, समूह, जमा होना या करना  
(n.) The rabbit ran to the *cluster* of bushes to hide from the hound.  
(v.) The children *clustered* round the icecream vendor.
- Clutch** (v.) क्लच—जकड़ना/पकड़ना  
The frightened child *clutched* his mother's hand.
- Coach** (n.) कोच—कोच, सवारी, डिब्बा  
The Rajdhani Express has air-conditioned *coaches* only.
- Coal** (n.) कोल—कोयला  
Most industries in India run on *coal* energy.
- Coarse** (adj.) कोर्स—1. मोटा  
The poor woman wore a sari of *coarse* cloth.  
2. असभ्य, गवॉर  
*Coarse* manners are disliked by all.
- Coast** (n.) कोस्ट—तट, समुद्रतट  
We could see the *coast* from the deck of the ship.
- Coat** (n.) कोट—1. कोट, कुरता, अंगरखा  
The poor man had no *coat* to wear.  
2. तह, परत, लेप  
This door needs a fresh *coat* of paint.  
(v.) 3. लेपना, परत चढ़ाना  
She *coated* the dough with fine flour before rolling it.
- Cobbler** (n.) कॉब्लर—मोची  
The *cobbler* repairs and polishes the shoes.
- Cobweb** (n.) कॉबवेब—तन्तुजाल, मकड़ी का जाला



The unused room was dusty and full of *cobwebs*.

**Cock** (n.) कौक—मुर्गा

The *cock* crows at the day-break.

**Cockroach** (n.) कौकरोच—तिलचट्टा, चपड़ा  
Lizards eat the *cockroaches*.

**Coconut** (n.) कोकोनट—नारियल

The *coconut* is considered a sacred fruit in India.

**Code** (n.) कोड—1. संहिता, नियमावली

There is a *code* of conduct for Government servants.

2. कूट, संकेत-पद्धति

The spy sent his secret message in *code*.

**Coffin** (n.) कौफिन—शवपेटी

The departed leader's *coffin* was ready for its last journey.

**Coil** (n. & v.) कौइल—गेंडुरी, कुण्डल, कुण्डल बनाना, लपेटना

The fan motor has a *coil* of wire.

(v.) Nisha got her hair *coiled* from a beauty parlour.

**Coin** (n.) कौइन—सिक्का, मुद्रा

*Coins* last longer than paper currency.

**Cold** (adj.) कोल्ड—1. ठण्डा, शीतल  
I like *cold* coffee.

2. तटस्थ, उदासीन, भावशून्य

Ram was upset by Gita's *cold* behaviour.

(n.) 3. ठण्डक, सर्दी

Anil got wet in the rain and caught a *cold*.

**Collapse** (v.) कलैप्स—1. ढह जाना, बैठ जाना

The old house *collapsed* in the storm.

2. जवाब दे देना, समाप्त हो जाना

In spite of expert medical treatment the old man *collapsed* in a matter of hours.

**Collar** (n.) कौलर—कालर, गरदनी, पट्टा

Shirts with short *collars* are no more in fashion.

**Collect** (v.) कलेक्ट—जमा करना या होना, संग्रह करना

Children love to *collect* coloured peb-

bles on the sea-shore.

**College** (n.) कॉलिज—कालेज, महाविद्यालय  
Students face tough competition for getting admission in reputed *colleges* of Delhi.

**Collide** (v.) कॅलाइड—टकराना, टक्कर लगना  
When a taxi *collided* with a bus, all the traffic came to halt on the busy road.

(n.) 2. टक्कर

The taxi was smashed in the *collision*.

**Colony** (n.) कॉलनि—बस्ती, उपनिवेश

Deep in the woods the traveller came across a *colony* of tribal people.

**Colour** (v.) कलर—वर्ण, रंग

White *colour* is a combination of seven *colours*.

**Column** (v.) कॉलम—1. स्तम्भ, खम्भा

The old palace had huge *columns*.

2. कालम, स्तम्भ

The newspaper devoted a full *column* to the account of the rail accident.

3. दस्ता, सैन्यदल

The soldiers marched in a *column*.

**Comb** कोम—कंधी करना

(v.) The mother *combed* her daughter's hair.

2. छान डालना

The police *combed* the town for the thief.

(n.) I want to buy a new *comb*.

**Combine** (v.) कम्बाइन—मिलाना, जोड़ना, व्यापार-संघ

The two companies *combined* to form one big corporation.

**Come** (v.) कम्—आना, पहुँचना

Ram *came* to see me as I was ill.

**Comfort** कम्फर्ट—आराम, चैन, सान्त्वना, दिलासा देना

(n.) Rich men live in great *comfort*.

(adj.) Five-star hotels are very *comfortable*.

(v.) I *comforted* the weeping child.

**Command** कमाण्ड—आदेश, हुक्म, आज्ञा देना

(n.) The General gave the *command* to charge.

A captain is in *command* of a

company of soldiers.

(v.) The king *commanded* his army to attack.

**Commence** (v.) कमेन्स—प्रारम्भ करना या होना  
When does the show *commence* ?

**Commerce** (n.) कॉमर्स—वाणिज्य, व्यापार  
Mumbai is a big centre of *commerce*.

**Commit** (v.) कमिट—करना, कर डालना  
He *committed* many thefts before being caught.

**Committee** (n.) कमिटि—कमेटी, समिति  
A *committee* was set up to go into the affairs of the company.

**Common** (adj.) कॉमन—1. सामान्य, आम  
The crow is a *common* bird in India.  
2. साधारण

A *common* man can't afford to buy a car.

3. सामान्य बुद्धि, सहज बुद्धि  
Fools have no *common* sense.

**Community** (n.) कम्यूनिटि—समाज, समूह, सम्प्रदाय

There is a large *community* of shoe-makers in this locality.

The Parsi *community* is mainly concentrated in Bombay.

**Companion** (n.) कमपैन्शन—1. साथी, सखा, सहचर

Without a *companion* one feels lonely on a long rail journey.

(adj.) 2. संबद्ध, साथ का

This is a *companion* volume to the previous publication.

**Company** (n.) कम्पनी—1. कम्पनी, समवाय  
At last, the *company* started making profits.

2. दल

A Captain commands a *company* of soldiers.

3. संगति मित्र, साथी

A man is known by the *company* he keeps.

**Compare** (v.) कम्पेअर्—तुलना करना, मिलाना, बराबर समझना या होना

One must *compare* the price and performance of different brands before buying a washing machine.

(n.) There is no *comparison* between the lifestyles of rich and poor.

(adj.) Of all the problems in the question paper, the last one was *comparatively* easy.

**Compass** (n.) कम्पास—1. कम्पास, दिक्सूचक  
A ship cannot be kept on its course without a *compass*.

2. परकार

The geometry teacher asked the students to buy a *compass* box.

**Compel** (v.) कम्पेल—लाचार/मजबूर करना, बाध्य करना

It's not good to *compel* a person to do something against his wish.

**Competition** (n.) कॉम्पिटिशन—प्रतियोगिता, होड़

Ramesh won the first prize in the painting *competition*.

**Complain** (v.) कम्प्लेन—शिकायत करना, दुखड़ा रोना

The guests in the hotel *complained* about the bad food.

(n.) He lodged a *complaint* with the police about the theft at his house.

**Complete** कम्प्लीट—1. पूर्ण/पूरा करना

(adj.) My work here is not yet *complete*.

(v.) *Complete* your home work before you go to play.

(adv.) 2. पूर्णतया, संपूर्ण रूप से

The building was *completely* destroyed in the fire.

**Complicated** (adj.) कॉम्प्लिकेटिड—1. जटिल, पेचीदा

The maths problem was too *complicated* to solve without the teacher's help.

Watch has a *complicated* machine.

**Composition** (n.) कम्पोजिशन—1. रचना, सर्जन  
Arun's essay on Gandhiji was a fine piece of *composition*.

2. संयोजन, संघटन, बनावट

The balanced *composition* of the new Cabinet was praised by the media.

**Comrade** (n.) कॉमरेड—सखा, सहचर, साथी  
He has been my *comrade* for many years.

**Conceal** (v.) कन्सील—छिपाना, गुप्त रखना  
The stolen necklace was *concealed* in the cupboard.

**Concern** (v.) कन्सर्न—1. से सम्बन्ध रखना  
This order *concerns* all government employees.

(prep.) Books *concerning* crime detection are very popular among the people.

(adj.) 2. चिंतित

Amit is *concerned* about his health.

**Conclude** (v.) कन्क्लूड—1. समाप्त करना या होना, खत्म करना, निष्कर्ष निकालना  
The leader *concluded* his speech with an appeal for unity.

(n.) 2. निष्कर्ष

On the basis of the evidence the judge came to the *conclusion* that the accused was not guilty.

**Concrete** (n.) कॉन्क्रीट—1. कंकरीट  
Lot of *concrete* is required to build a durable house.

(adj.) 2. मूर्त, ठोस, निश्चित

The employees gave some *concrete* proposals to the management to reduce the company losses.

**Condense** (v.) कन्डेन्स—गाढ़ा करना, संक्षिप्त करना

The long report of our school function was *condensed* into one paragraph by the newspapers.

**Condition** (n.) कन्डिशन—1. दशा, स्थिति, अवस्था  
This house is not in a good *condition*.

2. शर्त

What is your *condition* for joining us?

3. परिस्थिति

Under the stormy *conditions* it is better to stay indoors.

**Conduct** (n.) कॉन्डक्ट—1. आचरण, व्यवहार या बरताव

A new recruit's *conduct* is always under watch.

(v.) 2. मार्ग दिखाना

The doorkeeper *conducted* me to my seat in the cinema hall.

3. संचालन करना

He presided over the conference and *conducted* it ably.

**Conference** (n.) कॉन्फरन्स—सम्मेलन

A *conference* of religious leaders was held to discuss communal harmony.

**Confess** (v.) कन्फेस—मानना, कबूल करना, स्वीकार करना

The boy *confessed* that he broke the window pane.

(n.) The thief made a full *confession* of his crimes before the judge.

**Confidence** (n.) कॉन्फिडन्स—भरोसा, विश्वास  
The *confidence* on a friend is tested in a crisis.

(adj.) Ram was very *confident* of scoring good marks in the annual exams.

**Confine** (v.) 1. कन्फाइन—सीमित करना या रखना, बंद करना

A fracture in the leg kept Ram *confined* to his home for a month.

(n.) 2. कैद

The murderer was kept in a solitary *confinement*.

**Conflict** (n.) कॉन्फ्लिक्ट—1. संघर्ष, युद्ध  
Pakistan and India have witnessed three *conflicts*.

(adj.) 2. परस्पर-विरोधी

Newspapers published *conflicting* (contradictory) reports about the plane hijack.

(v.) Sometimes, young generation's ideas *conflict* with those of their parents.

**Confuse** (v.) कन्फ्यूज—1. चकरा देना, उलझाना  
The lawyer's question *confused* the witness.

2. एक को दूसरा समझना

Between the twins, it is usual to *confuse* one with the other.

**Confusion** (n.) कन्फ्यूजन—गड़बड़, घपला, उलझन  
A great *confusion* ensued on the overcrowded platform with the arrival of train.

**Congratulate** (v.) कॅनग्रेटयूलेट—बधाई देना  
Prakash *congratulated* Prabhat on his outstanding success in the examination.

(n.) Dinesh received a telegram of *congratulations* on his wedding day.

**Connect** (v.) कनेक्ट—जोड़ना, मिलाना, सम्बद्ध करना

He is well *connected* in Delhi's political circle.

This lane *connects* two busy streets.

**Conquer** (v.) कौंङ्कर्—जीतना, हराना, अधीन करना  
Hitler *conquered* a large part of Europe.  
Tenzing *conquered* Mount Everest.

**Conscience** (n.) कौंन्शन्स—सद्विवेक, आत्मा  
Even a criminal's *conscience* warns him against committing crimes.

**Conscious** (n.) कौंन्शस—1. सचेतन  
The fatally injured accident victim was *conscious* enough to give his address to policeman.

2. से अभिज्ञ

Are you *conscious* of the serious consequences of your bad deeds?

**Consent** (v.) कन्सेन्ट—राज्जी होना, स्वीकृति देना  
She *consented* to her daughter's marriage with a man of different caste.  
(n.) 2. स्वीकृति

Students were asked to have their parents' *consent* for a tour of Agra.

**Consequence** (n.) कौंन्सिक्वेंन्स—परिणाम, नतीजा, महत्त्व  
Often, thoughtless acts lead to serious *consequences*.

(Conj.) I missed the bus and *consequently* (as a result) was late for office.

**Consider** (v.) कन्सिडर्—1. सोचना, विचार करना  
Please *consider* this matter carefully.  
2. मानना, समझना  
I do not *consider* it an important matter.

**Considerable** (adj.) कन्सिडरेबल—बहुत, काफ़ी  
Dhanraj has a *considerable* amount of money in the bank.

**Consist** (v.) कन्सिस्ट—में होना, (से, का) बना होना  
Our colony's welfare committee *consists* of five members and a chairman.

**Constable** (n.) कौंन्स्टेबल—सिपाही  
The traffic police *constable* signalled the speeding car to stop.

**Constant** (adj.) कौंन्स्टेन्ट—नियत, स्थिर, एक समान  
I drive my car at a *constant* speed.  
(adv.) 2. बराबर, निरन्तर

She is *constantly* reading novels.

**Constitution** (n.) कौंन्स्टिट्यूशन—1. विधान, नियम-संग्रह

Students of law have to study the Indian *Constitution*.

2. शरीर गठन

Meena has a delicate *constitution*.

**Construct** (v.) कन्स्ट्रक्ट—बनाना, निर्माण करना  
The company has *constructed* flats for its employees.

**Consult** (v.) कन्सल्ट—परामर्श लेना या करना  
The rich lady *consulted* many specialists about her illness.

**Contain** (v.) कन्टेन—रखना, बराबर होना  
Text books *contain* many chapters.

**Content** (adj.) कान्टेन्ट—संतुष्ट, राज्जी  
The distinguished guest was *content* with the arrangements made for him.

**Contents** (n.) कन्टेन्ट्स—वर्ण्य विषय, विषयसूची  
It is better to go through the *contents* of the book before buying it.

**Contest** (n.) कौंन्टेस्ट—प्रतियोगिता, विवाद  
Rajendra bagged the first prize in the essay *contest*.

**Continent** (n.) कौंन्टिन्ट—महाद्वीप, महादेश  
India is in the *continent* of Asia.

**Continue** (v.) कन्टिन््यू—जारी रखना, आगे बढ़ाना  
Many TV serials are *continued* even after a century of their episodes.

**Contract** (n.) कौंन्ट्रैक्ट—ठेका, इकरारनामा,  
The two friends entered into a *contract* to set up a company.

(n.) 2. ठेकेदार

Some firms prefer to give their various jobs to *contractors*.

(v.) 3. सिकुड़ना

Metals *contract* as they grow colder.

**Contradict** (v.) कौंन्ट्रैडिक्ट—खण्डन करना, विरोधी होना

The minister *contradicted* the statement attributed to him by the press.

**Contrary** (adj.) कौंन्ट्ररी—विपरीत, प्रतिकूल  
What Ram had done was *contrary* to the rules of his company.

*Contrary* to my expectations, Ramesh declined my invitation.

**Contrast** कॉन्ट्रास्ट—विषमता, विरोध, भेद दिखलाना  
(n.) There is a remarkable *contrast* between the looks of the two brothers.  
(v.) Bright lights *contrasted* beautifully with the dark night.

**Contribute** (v.) कन्ट्रिब्यूट—1. चन्दा देना; अंशदान करना

People *contributed* generously to the flood relief fund.

2. सहयोग या लेख देना

I *contribute* articles to many journals.

**Control** कन्ट्रोल—नियंत्रण रखना, वश में रखना  
(n.) The car suddenly got out of *control*.

The police brought the law and order situation in the riot-torn city under *control*.

(v.) The jockey *controlled* the untamed horse skillfully.

**Convenient** (adj.) कन्वीन्यन्ट—सुविधाजनक, आरामदेह

When will it be *convenient* to you to come to my place?

**Conversation** (n.) कॉन्वर्सेशन—वार्तालाप, बातचीत

Geeta had a long *conversation* with her friend on the phone.

**Convey** (v.) कन्वे—1. बतलाना, सूचित करना  
Did you *convey* my message to Ram?

(n.) 2. वाहन

I go to office in my own *conveyance*.

**Convince** (v.) कन्विन्स—मनवाना, स्वीकार कराना  
The judge was *convinced* of the guilt of the accused.

**Cook** कुक—पकाना, भोजन बनाना, बावरची  
(v.) Sita's mother *cooks* very tasty food.

(n.) She is an excellent *cook*.

**Cool** (adj.) कूल—1. शीतल, ठण्डा  
The weather became quite *cool* after rain.

2. शांत, धीर

Arun's behaviour is always *cool* and composed.

**Cooperate** (v.) कोऑपरेट—सहयोग देना, मिलकर काम करना

All the villagers *cooperated* in building the village school.

**Copy** कौपि—नकल, प्रतिकृति, नकल/अनुकरण करना  
(n.) Usha asked for a *copy* of Sita's picture in the bridal make-up.

(v.) I *copied* down some book-sellers' phone numbers from the directory.

**Cord** (n.) कॉर्ड—रस्सी, डोरी, रीढ़  
He tied his bedding with a *cord*.

**Core** (n.) कोर्—बीजकोष, सारभाग, अभ्यन्तर  
One must first understand the *core* of a problem to solve it properly.

**Cork** (n.) कॉर्क—काग, कॉर्क, डट्टा  
He closed the bottle with a *cork*.

**Corn** (n.) कॉर्न—अनाज, धान्य  
The farmers were busy harvesting the *corn*.

**Corner** (n.) कॉर्नर्—कौना, कोण नाका, घेरना, घेर लेना  
The chemist's shop at the street *corner* had the entrance from two sides.

Old papers were stacked in a *corner* of the room.

(v.) The cat *cornered* the mouse and killed it.

**Corpse** (n.) कॉर्प्स—शव, लाश  
The police took away the unclaimed *corpse* lying on the roadside.

**Correct** करेक्ट—ठीक (सही करना)  
(v.) Please *correct* all these mistakes.  
(adj.) Only Ramesh gave the *correct* answer.

**Correspondence** (n.) कॉरिस्पॉन्डन्स—पत्रव्यवहार  
*Correspondence* plays a significant role in business dealings.

**Corridor** (n.) कॉरिडोर—गलियारा  
The building had a long *corridor* leading to the servants quarters in the backyard.

**Cost** कॉस्ट—दाम लगाना, खर्च होना, कीमती, कीमत  
(v.) How much did this book *cost*?  
(adj.) A necklace of pearls is very *costly* (expensive).  
(n.) For job interview, you must reach in time at all *costs* (in spite of difficulties).

**Cot** (n.) कॉट—खाट, चारपाई

The child was sleeping on the *cot*.

**Cottage** (n.) काँटिज—झोंपड़ी, कुटीर  
The poor family lived in a *cottage* outside the town.

**Cotton** (n.) कॉटन—कपास, रूई, सूती कपड़ा  
*Cotton* clothes are the best in a hot country like India.

**Couch** (n.) काउच—सोफा, कोच  
He was taking a nap on a *couch*.

**Cough** कॉफ—खाँसी, खाँसना  
(n.) The old man had a bad *cough*.  
(v.) The patient *coughed* constantly.

**Council** (n.) काउन्सिल—परिषद्, समिति  
Our association has a General *Council* and an Executive Committee.

**Count** (v.) काउन्ट—1. गिनना, गणना करना  
The little child was taught to *count*.  
The teacher *counted* the students before distributing papers.

2. अनगिनत  
The Independence Day function was attended by *countless* people.

3. अभियोग का विषय, आरोप  
On what *count* was he charged?

**Counter** (n.) काउण्टर्—काउन्टर, पटल  
People queued up before the cashier's *counter*.

**Country** (n.) कन्ट्री—1. देश, प्रदेश, इलाका  
India is a very big *country*.

2. देहात  
Agriculture is the main occupation of the people in the *countryside*.

**Couple** (n.) कपल—वर-वधू, दम्पति  
The old man blessed the newly-married *couple*.

2. जोड़ा, युगल  
Please give me a *couple* of oranges.

**Coupon** (n.) कूपन—कूपन  
The boys sold *coupons* for the school fete.

**Courage** (n.) करिज्—साहस, हिम्मत  
The soldier was awarded a medal for his extraordinary *courage*.

**Course** (n.) कोर्स—प्रसंग (में), मध्य (में)  
In the *course* of his lecture the saint talked about the evils of drinking.

2. पथ, मार्ग  
The river changed its *course* during the flood.

3. पाठ्यक्रम, विषय  
Have you completed your *course* for the examination?  
(adv.) *Ofcourse* (certainly) I shall come.

**Court** (n.) कोर्ट—1. अदालत, न्यायालय  
The culprit was produced in a *court* of law.

2. राजदरबार, राजसभा  
The noblemen took their appointed places in the royal *court*.

(v.) 3. चाहना, पीछे लगना, प्रेम जताना  
The Satyagrahis *courted* arrest.

**Courtesy** (n.) कर्तिसि—शिष्टाचार, सौजन्य  
*Courtesy* costs nothing.

(adj.) 2. शिष्ट  
Some people are very *courteous*.

**Cousin** (n.) कजिन्—चचेरा, फुफेरा, ममेरा, मौसेरा भाई या बहन  
I visited my *cousin* in Mumbai last week.

**Cover** कवर्—1. ढकना, बिछाना, पहना देना  
(v.) The mother *covered* her sleeping child with a blanket.

(n.) 2. आवरण, आच्छादन  
The thief approached the house under the *cover* of darkness.

**Cow** (n.) काउ—गाय  
*Cow's* milk is good for babies.

**Coward** (n.) काउ-अई—कायर, डरपोक  
A *coward* cannot be a soldier.

**Crack** (n.) क्रैक—1. दरक, दरार  
Many *cracks* appeared in the building following the earthquake.

2. कड़क, चटाका  
The *crack* of a gun startled everybody in the market.

3. प्रारम्भ (दिन का)  
A walk is good at the *crack* of dawn.

(adj.) 4. चटका हुआ, फूटना, फोड़ना  
The *cracked* cup should be discarded.

(v.) 5. चटकना  
The egg *cracked* and the chicken came out.

**Cradle** (n.) क्रेडल—1. पालना

She put her baby in the *cradle*.

2. उद्गम

India is the *cradle* of ancient civilisations.

**Craft** (n.) क्राफ्ट—1. कारीगरी, शिल्प, कौशल  
Wood-carving is a *craft* of skill.

2. जलयान, वायुयान

The *aircraft* took off on schedule.

**Crafty** (adj.) क्राफ्टि—धूर्त, चालाक, चालबाज  
Never trust a *crafty* person.

**Crash** (n.) क्रैश—धमाका, धड़का  
The building came down with a *crash*.

(v.) 2. टक्कर खाना

The motor-car *crashed* against a wall.

(adj.) 3. त्वरित, जल्द

The Government launched a *crash* programme to remove illiteracy.

**Crawl** (v.) क्रॉल—रेंगना

The little baby *crawls* on its hands and feet.

**Crazy** (adj.) क्रेज़ि—पागल, सनकी  
The shock of her son's death drove the old mother *crazy*.

**Cream** (n.) क्रीम—मलाई, क्रीम  
I like coffee with *cream*.

**Create** (v.) क्रिएट—उत्पन्न करना, बनाना  
God *created* the world.

(n.) 2. जीव

We are all God's *creatures*.

**Credit** (n.) क्रेडिट—1. गौरव  
He passed the examination with *credit*.

2. उधार, ऋण

Some shopkeepers give no *credit*.

3. विश्वास

Nobody placed *credit* in Rahul's story.

(v.) Only the brave are *credited* with success.

**Creep** (v.) क्रीप—रेंगना, सरकना, खिसकना  
The thief *crept* into the house without a sound.

**Creeper** (n.) क्रीपर—लता, वल्लरी  
The wall of the garden was covered with *creepers*.

**Crescent** (n.) क्रेसन्ट—बालचन्द्र, अर्धचन्द्र, अर्धचन्द्राकार  
The *crescent* of the new moon could

be seen in the clear sky.

**Crest** (n.) क्रेस्ट—शिखा, चोटी, शीर्ष  
During the storm the ship was thrown up on the *crest* of a huge wave.  
Some leaders win the elections on the *crest* of their wave of popularity.

**Crew** (n.) क्रू—कर्मिंदल, मल्लाहों का जत्था  
The plane had a *crew* of six.

**Cricket** (n.) क्रिकेट—1. क्रिकेट, गेंद-बल्ला  
Indians love to play *cricket*.

2. झिल्ली, झींगुर

I saw *crickets* flitting about in the garden.

**Crime** (n.) क्राइम—अपराध  
It is a *crime* to steal.

The *criminal* was sent to jail.

**Crimson** क्रिमज़न—किरमिजी, गहरे लाल रंग का  
At sunset the clouds in the west become *crimson* in colour.

**Crippled** (n.) क्रिपल्ड—अपंग, विकलांग, बिगाड़ना  
अपंग करना

The *crippled* hobbled along the street.

(v.) The spinner's absence *crippled* the team's bowling.

**Critic** (n.) क्रिटिक—आलोचक, समालोचक, समीक्षक  
The art *critic* of the newspaper praised the exhibition of paintings.

The Government's new education policy came in for a lot of *criticism*.

**Critical** (adj.) क्रिटिकल—आलोचनात्मक, छिद्रान्वेषी

Father was *critical* of his son's rude manners.

2. संकटपूर्ण, नाजुक

The wounded man his was taken to hospital in a *critical* condition.

**Croak** (v.) करोक—टर्-टर् करना  
Frogs are *croaking* in the pond.

**Crocodile** (n.) क्रॉकडाइल—मगर  
There is a very big *crocodile* in our zoo.

**Crook** (n.) क्रुक—धोखेबाज  
*Crooks* are quick to cheat the innocent.

**Crooked** (adj.) क्रूकिड—1. टेढ़ा  
The boy drew a *crooked* line on his slate.

2. कुटिल, धूर्त

It is not good to keep company with *crooked* people.

**Cross** (n.) क्रॉस—1. क्रूस, सूली  
Jesus Christ died on the cross.  
(v.) 2. पार करना  
We must use subways to *cross* the busy roads.  
3. काटना, काटा लगाना  
The teacher *crossed* out the wrongly spelt words.  
(adj.) 4. अप्रसन्न, क्रुद्ध  
Why do you look so *cross*?

**Crouch** (n.) क्राउच—उकड़ें बैठना  
The cat *crouched* on the ground before jumping on the mouse.

**Crow** (n.) क्रो—1. कौआ  
The *crow* is a common bird in India.  
(v.) 2. बाँग देना  
Cock *crow*s early in the morning.

**Crowd** क्राउड—भीड़, जनसमूह, ठसाठस भर देना  
(n.) A large *crowd* gathered at the airport to greet the departing leader.  
(adj.) In Delhi, the buses are mostly *crowded*.  
(v.) The journalists *crowded* around the chief minister.

**Crown** क्राउन—1. मुकुट, मुकुट पहनाना, राज्याभिषेक करना  
(n.) The king wore a glittering *crown*.  
2. शीर्ष (के बाल)  
Rekha has an attractive *crown*.  
(v.) He was *crowned* as the king.

**Cruel** (adj.) क्रूर—क्रूर  
*Cruel* Kans put Devaki and Vasudev into prison.  
(n.) 2. क्रूरता  
Never show *cruelty* to dumb animals.

**Cruise** (n.) क्रूज—समुद्री यात्रा या पर्यटन  
We went on a *cruise* during the holidays.

**Crumb** (n.) क्रम्—टुकड़ा, कण  
I threw a *crumb* of bread to the dog.

**Crumble** (v.) क्रम्बल—टुकड़े-टुकड़े हो जाना  
The old building is about to *crumble*.

**Crush** (v.) क्रश—रौंदना, कुचलना  
The unfortunate cyclist was *crushed* under the bus.

**Crust** (n.) क्रस्ट—पपड़ी, पपड़ी पड़ना  
There was a thick *crust* on the surface of the old paint.

**Cry** क्राई—1. रोना, पुकारना  
(v.) The little boy was *crying* for his mother.  
(n.) 2. चीख  
Ram gave a *cry* of surprise when he saw Suresh after a long time.

**Cub** (n.) कब—शावक  
The lioness in the zoo gave birth to two *cubs*.

**Culprit** (n.) कल्प्रिट—दोषी, अपराधी  
The *culprit* was sent to jail.

**Cultivate** (v.) कल्टिवेट—1. खेती करना, जोतना  
The farmer *cultivates* his land.  
2. परिचय बढ़ाना  
Some people *cultivate* the politicians to get things done through them.

**Cunning** (adj.) कनिंग—चालाक, धूर्त  
The fox is a *cunning* animal.

**Cup** (n.) कप—प्याला, कटोरा  
Can I have a *cup* of tea?

**Cure** क्योर—दवा, उपाय करना, दूर करना  
(n.) There is no *cure* for the common cold.  
(v.) The doctor *cured* the poor free of charge.

**Curious** (adj.) क्यूरिअस्—1. जिज्ञासु, कुतूहली  
Father was *curious* to see his little daughter's dance performance at the school function.  
2. विलक्षण, विचित्र  
The archaeologists found some *curious* marks on the excavated articles.

**Curl** कर्ल—1. मोड़ना, मुड़ना  
(v.) The cat *curled* up on the chair.  
(n.) Sally's head is full of lovely *curls*.  
(adj.) 2. घुँघराले बाल  
Sally has *curly* hair.

**Current** (n.) करन्ट—1. धारा, प्रवाह  
The river flows with a swift *current*.  
2. बिजली का प्रवाह  
Turn off the *current* before you change the bulb.



(*adj.*) 3. चालू, प्रचलित  
 Youngsters are quick to follow the *current* trends in dressing.

**Curry** (*n.*) करि—कढ़ी, सालन  
 He is very fond of chicken *curry*.

**Curse** कर्स—शाप, दुर्वचन, शाप देना, कोसना  
 (*v.*) My ill-natured neighbour is always *cursing* the world.  
 (*n.*) Poverty is a *curse*.

**Curtain** (*n.*) कर्टन्—परदा, आवरण  
*Curtains* help in keeping out the summer heat.

**Curve** (*n.*) कर्व—घुमाव, मोड़, वक्र रेखा  
 Rahul's home is round the *curve*.

**Cushion** (*n.*) कुशन—गद्दा, तोशक  
 I bought *cushions* for my sofa set.

**Custom** (*n.*) कस्टम—रिवाज, प्रथा

Some Indian *customs* are quite old.

**Customs** (*n.*) कस्टम्स—सीमा-शुल्क विभाग  
 Dinesh is an officer in the *customs*.

**Customer** (*n.*) कस्टमर्—ग्राहक  
 A good shopkeeper tries to please his *customers*.

**Cut** (*v.*) कट—काटना, कतरना  
 Uma cut her finger while slicing the apple.  
 (*n.*) 2. काट, कटाव  
 The doctor cleaned the *cut* on Uma's finger with an anti-septic lotion.  
 3. टुकड़ा  
 Please give me a *cut* of the meat.

**Cycle** साइकल—साइकिल (चलाना), चक्र, कालचक्र  
 (*n.*) *Cycle* of seasons is an important phenomenon of Nature.  
 (*v.*) He *cycles* to office every day.